Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended May 31, 2017

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Village Board of the Village of Ardsley, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Ardsley, New York ("Village") as of and for the year ended May 31, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village, as of May 31, 2017 and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 2E and 3E in the notes to financial statements which disclose the effects of the Village's adoption of the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 73 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedule included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit for the year ended May 31, 2017 was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended May 31, 2017 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2017 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended May 31, 2017.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the Village as of and for the year ended May 31, 2016 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2017, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended May 31, 2016 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2016 financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2016 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended May 31, 2016.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York November 28, 2017



Management's Discussion and Analysis
May 31, 2017

Introduction

The Village of Ardsley, New York ("Village"), presents this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") as an overview of the Village's financial activities for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017. This MD&A focuses on current year activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the notes to the Village's financial statements which immediately follow this section.

The following is a brief outline of other noteworthy changes and events that took place in this fiscal year:

- Work on the Ashford Avenue Bridge replacement continued and may be completed by the end of 2017.
- The Village began investigating the possibility of purchasing property for the purposes of siting a new highway garage. Conceptual drawings were done and initial investigations were begun.

The Village looks forward to these activities and to taking a fresh look at its operations and infrastructure needs.

Financial Highlights

- For the year ended May 31, 2016, the Village implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". This pronouncement established new accounting and financial reporting requirements associated with the Village's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS"). Under the new standards, cost-sharing employers are required to report in the government-wide financial statements a net pension liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school districts in the plan. At May 31, 2017 the Village reported in its Statement of Net Position a liability of \$2,214,956 for its proportionate share of the ERS and PFRS net pension liabilities. More detailed information about the Village's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in the notes to the financial statements.
- On the government-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Village exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,291,755. Of this amount, the unrestricted amount is a deficit of \$5,135,987.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$5,099,654, inclusive of the Capital Projects Fund balance of \$637,687. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is \$2,578,778 and is available for spending at the Village's discretion. This represents 16.8% of the total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements present the Village as a single, unified entity and are intended to give the reader a broad perspective of the Village's financial condition. These statements closely resemble the financial statements of a private sector entity.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the Village's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information indicating how the Village's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The governmental activities of the Village include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains two major governmental funds: the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. Major funds have their information presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Public Library Fund and Special Purpose Fund are grouped together as non-major governmental funds.

The Village adopts annual budgets for the General Fund and the Public Library Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budget.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Village programs. The Village maintains one type of fiduciary fund, the Agency Fund. The Pension Trust Fund which accounts for the Service Awards Program for volunteer firefighters, was previously reported as a Fiduciary Fund, see Note 2E. Resources are held in the Agency Fund by the Village purely in a custodial capacity. The activity in this fund is limited to the receipt, temporary investment and remittance of resources to the appropriate individual, organization or government.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to financial statements and include individual fund financial statements and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the Village, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$1,291,755 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Village's net position, \$2,003,037 is its net investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens and as a result these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2017 2016			
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$ 7,006,866 \$ 5,445,018 9,588,196 10,142,335			
	16,595,062 15,587,353			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,144,864 3,544,953			
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	1,803,785 2,185,647 17,843,880 18,250,560			
Total Liabilities	19,647,665 20,436,207			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	384,016 484,751			
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	2,003,037 1,092,765 1,841,195 2,280,052 (5,135,987) (5,161,469)			
Total Net Position	\$ (1,291,755) \$ (1,788,652)			

A portion of the Village's net position is restricted and represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The restricted net position is to be used for the following purposes:

		May 31,			
		2017	2016		
Capital Projects Pension Benefits	\$	- 1,313,884	\$	1,722,583	
Debt Service Special Purpose		462,512 64,799		528,774 28,695	
opedia i dipose	<u> </u>	1,841,195	\$	2,280,052	

Change in Net Position

	Year Ended May 31,			
	2017	2016		
REVENUES				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 1,431,942	\$ 1,108,871		
Operating Grants and Contributions	590,719	145,678		
Capital Grants and Contributions	296,686	236,690		
Total Program Revenues	2,319,347	1,491,239		
General Revenues				
Real Property Taxes	9,723,969	9,560,201		
Other Tax Items	30,714	35,877		
Non-Property Taxes	913,134	857,782		
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	1,643	1,240		
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	42,176	81,254		
Unrestricted State Aid	156,000	242,188		
Miscellaneous	205,314	247,248		
Total General Revenues	11,072,950	11,025,790		
Total Revenues	13,392,297	12,517,029		
PROGRAM EXPENSES				
General Government Support	2,623,252	2,248,963		
Public Safety	6,791,443	6,395,351		
Health	114,037	143,371		
Transportation	2,286,196	1,960,537		
Economic Opportunity and Development	10,404	7,944		
Culture and Recreation	1,193,656	858,615		
Home and Community Services	816,222	912,797		
Interest	198,494	248,535		
Total Expenses	14,033,704	12,776,113		
Change in Net Position	(641,407)	(259,084)		
NET POSITION				
Beginning, as reported	(1,788,652)	(1,268,146)		
Cumulative Effect of Change in				
Accounting Principle	1,138,304	(261,422)		
Beginning, as restated	(650,348)	(1,529,568)		
Ending	\$ (1,291,755)	\$ (1,788,652)		

Governmental Activities

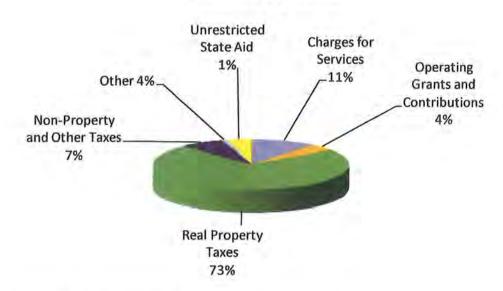
Governmental activities decreased the Village's net position by \$641,407.

For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$13,292,297. Program revenues are 17% of this total and 83% is attributable to taxes and other sources. The major changes are as follows:

Revenues:

- Real property tax revenues increased by \$163,768. This was the result of a higher tax levy.
- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$445,041.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by \$59,996.

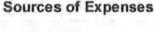
Revenues by Sources

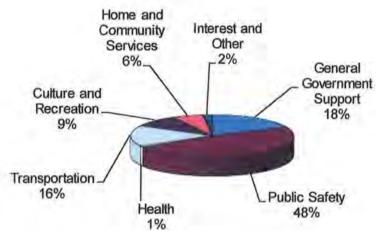


Total expenses for governmental activities were \$14,033,704.

Expenses:

- General government support expenses increased by \$374,289. The increase is largely attributed to an increase in other post employment benefits ("OPEB") and refunds of real property taxes.
- Public safety expenses increased by \$396,092. Increase in this area was largely due to OPEB and the accrued for compensated absences.





Financial Analysis of the Village's Funds

Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") issued its Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in February 2009. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 54 became effective for financial statements for the Village's fiscal period ending May 31, 2012; GASB Statement No. 54 abandons the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaces them with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making authority for the Village that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the Village removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the entity's highest level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u>, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Village's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

These changes were made to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than availability for appropriations and to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting. This pronouncement should result in an improvement in the usefulness of fund balance information.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, assigned and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the end of the current fiscal year the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,099,654. \$2,578,778 of the total ending fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. \$70,000 of the fund balance (from debt reserve) has been appropriated for use in the 2017-2018 budget. A portion of fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted for debt service (\$462,512), capital projects (\$500,877), special purpose (\$64,799) and pension benefits (\$1,313,884).

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,345,737. When the FY 2016-2017 General Fund budget was adopted, it anticipated not to use any of the fund balance. Actual results of operations resulted in an increase of Fund Balance of \$592,846, inclusive of the cumulative effect of change in accounting principle for the Service Awards program of \$175,580.

Revenues and other financing sources were \$15,737,781which was \$385,301 or 2.5% more than the final budget. Expenditures and other financing uses were \$15,320,515 which was \$129,225 or 0.84%, less than the final budget.

The major areas where revenues were more than budget were: non-property taxes by \$59,134, licenses and permits by \$183,894 and miscellaneous sources by \$188,314.

The major area where the spending was less than budgeted was in public safety by \$63,745.

The Capital Projects Fund has no unassigned value and a restricted balance of \$637,687. Liabilities for bond anticipation notes payable in the amount of \$1,063,089 are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes are recognized as revenue only to the extent that they are redeemed. A majority of capital projects are financed by short and long term debt and State aid as of May 31, 2017.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was an increase between the original adopted budget and the final budget of \$39,503. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$129,225 less than the final budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets for governmental activities at May 31, 2017, net of \$6,956,161 of accumulated depreciation, was \$9,588,196. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following -

- Curbing throughout the Village
- Road improvements throughout the Village
- Parks improvements

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in note 3C in the notes to financial statements.

Capital Assets

	Government Activities			
		2017	2016	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated Land		121,550	\$	121,550
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Building and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	9,053,966 5,287,196 2,081,645		9,053,966 5,220,976 2,081,645
Total assets being depreciated		16,422,807		16,356,587
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Building and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure		3,492,643 3,152,256 311,262		3,193,146 2,883,623 259,033
Total accumulated depreciation		6,956,161		6,335,802
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, net		9,466,646	\$	10,020,785
Capital Assets, net	\$	9,588,196	\$	10,142,335

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bonded debt outstanding of \$7,195,000. In accordance with New York State Law, the Village issues general obligation bonds, backed by the full faith and credit of the Village.

Pursuant to Article VIII of the State Constitution and Title 9 of Article 2 of the Local Finance Law, the Village is subject to a "constitutional debt limit". This debt limit is calculated by taking 7% of the latest five-year average full valuation of all taxable real property within the Village. At May 31, 2017, the Village's five year average full valuation was \$909,148,994, thereby establishing a constitutional debt limit of \$9,429,351.

Other Post Employment Benefits

The Government Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 45 required municipalities to account for Post Employment Benefits other than pensions such as health insurance coverage. The fiscal year ending May 31, 2009 was the implementation date for the Village of Ardsley. An actuarial firm was hired by the Village to compute the present value of the liability, which measures the value of OPEB benefits earned by employees during their tenure and likely to be paid during their retirement. This amount is substantial, however, under the present laws of the State of New York, there is no legal mechanism set up that would enable the funding of this obligation.

The Village's annual OPEB cost for 2016-17 was \$1,610,000. Contributions made on the pay as you go basis were \$350,000, leaving an increase of net OPEB obligation of \$1,260,000 for fiscal year 2017 and a total of \$8,050,000 net OPEB obligation as of May 31, 2017. This amount is reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

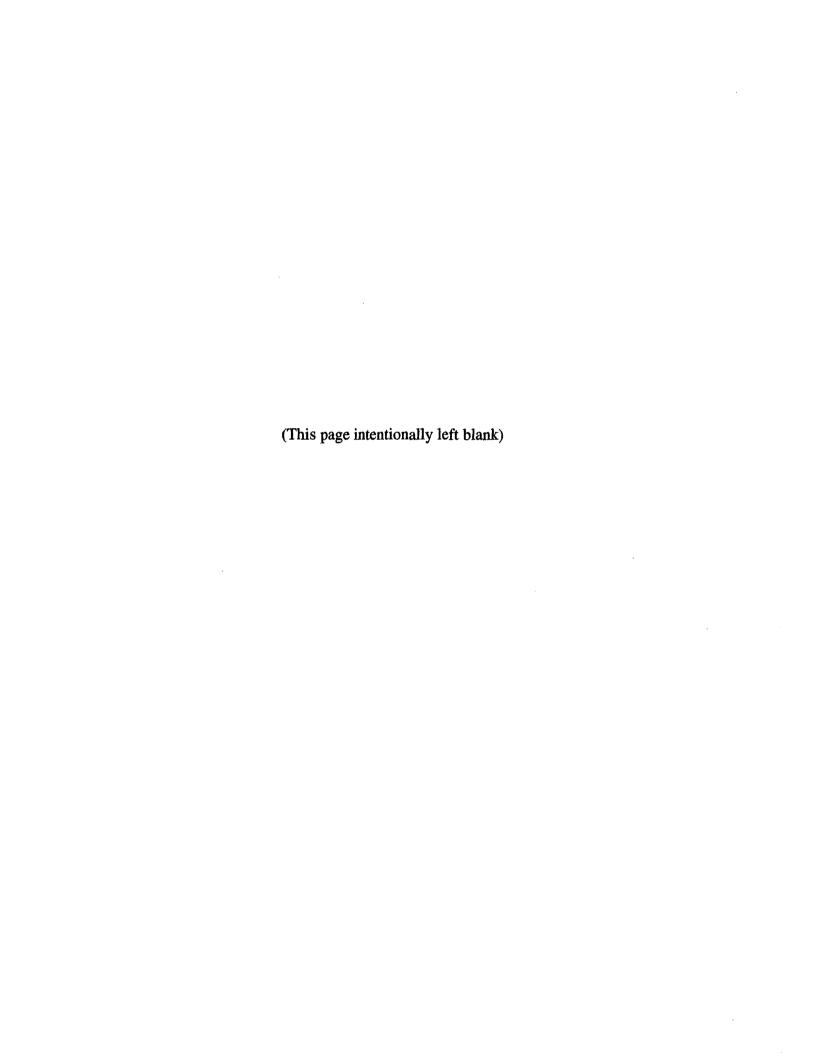
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Increases for Police and Fire personal services due to a contractual raise in grades, contractual and supply expenses, increases in Employee Benefits and increased Debt Service costs, were all factors that were taken into consideration in development and preparation of the FY 2017-2018 budget.

The Village appropriated \$70,000 of the general fund balance (reserve for debt service) for expenditures in FY 2017-2018.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Meredith S. Robson, Village of Ardsley, 507 Ashford Avenue, Ardsley, New York 10502.



	G	Sovernmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments	\$	4,888,270 1,205,680
Receivables Taxes Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Capital assets		188,466 184,915 117,297 422,238
Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net		121,550 9,466,646
Total Assets		16,595,062
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,144,864
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to retirement systems Bond anticipation notes payable Accrued interest payable Non-current liabilities Due within one year Due in more than one year		362,375 168,591 130,921 1,063,089 78,809 676,000 17,167,880
Total Liabilities		19,647,665
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		384,016
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Pension benefits Debt service Special purpose Unrestricted		2,003,037 1,313,884 462,512 64,799 (5,135,987)
Total Net Position	\$	(1,291,755)

Operating Capital Reven Charges for Grants and Grants and Chan	rpense) ue and ges in osition
Charges for Grants and Grants and Chan Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Net P	ges in osition
Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Net P	osition
	67,302)
	39,456)
Health 114,037 - 161,159 -	47,122
	47,648)
Economic opportunity and	141,040)
	10,404)
Home and community	99,811)
·	00 2221
	00,333)
Interest 198,494 1,969 (1	96,525)
Total Governmental	
	14 257)
Activities \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	14,357)
General revenues	
	22.000
Other tax items	23,969
	20.744
	30,714
Non-property taxes	57.000
	57,290
	20,477
	24,384
	10,983
Unrestricted use of money and property	1,643
	42,176
	56,000
Miscellaneous2	05,314
T.1.10	
Total General Revenues11,0	72,950
Observation Mad Destition	
Change in Net Position (6-	<u> 11,407)</u>
NET POOLTION	
NET POSITION	
Beginning, as reported (1,78	38,652)
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,13	38,304
Beginning, as restated(65	50,348)
Net Position - Ending \$ (1,29)	1,755)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds May 31, 2017

	General	Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 3,160,956	\$ 1,589,737	\$ 137,577	\$ 4,888,270
Investments	1,205,680		-	1,205,680
Taxes receivable	188,466	-	**	188,466
Other receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds	184,915 117,297 422,238 2,190 726,640	125,230 125,230	- - - -	184,915 117,297 422,238 127,420 851,870
Total Assets	\$ 5,281,742	\$ 1,714,967	\$ 137,577	\$ 7,134,286
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 329,027 168,591 125,230	\$ 12,001 - 2,190	\$ 21,347	\$ 362,375 168,591 127,420
Due to other tands Due to retirement systems Bond anticipation notes payable	130,921	1,063,089	-	130,921 1,063,089
Total Liabilities	753,769	1,077,280	21,347	1,852,396
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues	182,236			182,236
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	936,005	1,077,280	21,347	2,034,632
Fund balances Restricted Assigned Unassigned	1,639,586 127,373 2,578,778	637,687 - -	64,799 51,431 	2,342,072 178,804 2,578,778
Total Fund Balances	4,345,737	637,687	116,230	5,099,654
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 5,281,742	\$ 1,714,967	\$ 137,577	\$ 7,134,286

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position Year Ended May 31, 2017

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	5,099,654
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position is Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	warmen's a	9,588,196
Governmental funds do not report the effect of losses on refunding bonds and assets or liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities		
Deferred amounts on net pension liabilities		1,611,742
Deferred amounts on refunding bonds	****	149,106
		1,760,848
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Real property taxes		182,236
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(78,809)
Bonds payable		(7,423,105)
Compensated absences Net pension liability		(155,819) (2,214,956)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable		(8,050,000)
	***************************************	(17,922,689)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(1,291,755)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended May 31, 2017

Revaluation			General		Capital Projects		Non-Major overnmental	G	Total lovernmental Funds
Real properly taxes	REVENUES	-	General		1 TOJECIS		Overninental		i unus
Other tax lerns 30,714 - -30,714 Denartmental income 86,6736 - 273,073 918,809 Not change in fair value of investments 164,826 - - 164,826 Use of money and property 2,758 854 674 428 Use of money and property 2,758 854 674 42,88 Use of money and property 2,758 854 674 42,88 Use of money and property 2,758 854 674 42,186 State and ferritises 85,935 - - 86,835 Sale of property and commend and property 42,176 42,176 42,176 State ald 173,338 287,688 4,264 485,220 Feddral and 161,159 - 42,456 455,291 Total Revanues 205,314 7,029 242,458 458,691 Total Revanues 205,314 7,029 242,458 458,691 EVENDTURES 200 2,945,600 1,014 1,017		\$	9.696.319	\$	_	\$	-	\$	9.696.319
Non-property taxes	, , ,	•		•	-	•	-	•	
Departmental income 045,736 - 273,073 1918,809 Net change in fair value of investments 164,626 - - 64,826 Care of money and property 2,758 854 674 4,288 Care of money and property 2,758 854 674 4,288 Care of money and property 477,498 Care of money and property 477,498 Care of money and property 42,748 Care of Market 42,746 Care of Market 42,747 Care of Market 42,746 Care of Market 42,747					_		_		
Net change in fair value of investments 164,826 - 164,826 1674 4,286 1626 1674 4,286 1626 1674					_		273.073		
Sep of money and property	· ·		•		-		_		•
Licenses and permis 427,498 - 427,498 58,585 58]			•		854		674		
Fines and forfeitures					_		-		
Sale of property and compensation for loss 42,176 5	•				_		_		
Compensation for loss			,						
State aid	, , ,		42,176		_		-		42,176
Federal aird 161,159	·		•		287.688		4.264		•
Miscellaneous 205,314 7,029 242,458 454,801 Total Revenues 12,548,607 295,571 520,469 13,384,647 EXPEDITURES Current 1,814,957 - - 1,814,957 Public safety 3,913,732 - - 3,913,732 Health 114,037 - 114,037 Transportation 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 Economic opportunity and development 10,404 - 615,630 83,873 Home and community services 479,926 - 479,926 - 479,926 Employee benefits 2,802,396 - 143,236 2,945,632 - 143,236 2,945,632 Debt service 679,370 - 679,370 - 679,370 - 76,339 - 78,339 - 78,339 - 78,339 - 78,339 - 78,339 - 78,339 - - 78,339 - - 78,339 - - <td>Federal aid</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>, </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>	Federal aid		•		, 				•
EXPENDITURES Current Ceneral government support 1,814,957 - 1,814,957 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,9408 - 3,913,9408 - 3,913,9408 - 3,940,940 - 3,940,940 - 3,940,940 - 3,940,940 - 3,940,940 - 3,940,940 - 3,940,940 - 3,940,940 - 3,940,940 - 3,940,940 - 4,99,26 - 4,79,926 - 4,7					7,029		242,458		
Current Ceneral government support 1,814,957 - 1,814,957 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 -	Total Revenues	Marrier .	12,548,607		295,571		520,469		13,364,647
Current Ceneral government support 1,814,957 - 1,814,957 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 3,913,732 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 - 1,139,408 -	EXPENDITURES								
Seneral government support									
Public safety	General government support		1,814,957		_		_		1,814,957
Health	, ,				_		-		3,913,732
Economic opportunity and development 10,404 -	•		114,037		-		-		114,037
Economic opportunity and development 10,404 - - 10,404 Culture and recreation 268,243 - 615,630 883,873 1479,926 - - 479,926 Employee benefits 2,802,396 - 143,236 2,945,632 Employee benefits 2,802,396 - 143,236 2,945,632 Debt service 243,865 - - - 679,370 Interest 243,865 - - - 243,865 Refunding bond issuance costs 78,339 - - 402,717 - 402,717 Total Expenditures 11,544,677 402,717 402,717 Total Expenditures 1,003,930 (107,146) (238,397) 658,387 (238,397) 658,387 (238,397) 658,387 (238,397) 658,387 (238,397)	Transportation		1,139,408				-		1,139,408
Culture and recreation 268,243 - 615,630 883,873 Home and community services 479,926 - 143,236 2,945,632 Employee benefits 2,802,396 - 143,236 2,945,632 Debt service 679,370 679,370 - 2- 679,370 Interest 243,865 2- 78,339 2- 78,339 Capital outlay - 402,717 402,717 - 402,717 Total Expenditures 11,544,877 402,717 758,896 12,706,260 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0.00,3930 (107,146) (238,397) 658,387 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued 2,945,000 2,945,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (3,107,299) 2,446,300 Issuance premium 240,638 2,245,000 Issuance premium 240,638 2,246,300 Issuance premium (3,653,392) 397,733 260,052 826,147 Transfers out (657,785) (168,362) (82,644,647) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) <	•		10,404		-		-		10,404
Home and community services					-		615,630		883,873
Employee benefits			479,926		-		-		479,926
Debt service 679,370 - - 679,370 Principal 679,370 - - 243,865 Refunding bond issuance costs 78,339 - - 78,339 Capital outlay - 402,717 - 402,717 Total Expenditures 11,544,677 402,717 758,866 12,706,280 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,003,930 (107,146) (238,397) 658,387 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued 2,945,000 - - 2,945,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (3,107,299) - - 2,945,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent 240,638 - - 240,638 Transfers in 168,362 397,733 260,052 826,147 Transfers out (657,785) (168,362) - (826,147) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 260,052 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,2	•				-		143,236		2,945,632
Principal Interest 679,370 - - 679,370 Interest 243,865 - - 243,865 Refunding bond issuance costs 78,339 - - 78,339 Capital outlay - 402,717 - 402,717 Total Expenditures 11,544,677 402,717 758,866 12,706,260 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,003,930 (107,146) (238,397) 658,387 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 8 - - 2,945,000 - - 2,945,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Issuance premium 240,638 - - 240,638 Transfers in 168,362 397,733 260,052 266,147 Transfers out (657,785) (168,362) - (826,147) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 260,052 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,225 21,655 736,726 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) 8 2,614,587 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>. ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			. ,						
Interest Refunding bond issuance costs			679,370		-				679,370
Capital outlay 402,717 402,717 402,717 Total Expenditures 11,544,677 402,717 758,866 12,706,260 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,003,930 (107,146) (238,397) 658,387 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued 2,945,000 - - 2,945,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (3,107,299) - - (3,107,299) Issuance premium 240,638 - - 240,638 Transfers in 168,362 397,733 260,052 826,147 Transfers out (657,785) (168,362) - - (826,147) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 260,052 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,225 21,655 736,726 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) 2,614,587 515,462 94,575 3,224,624 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Yea	•		243,865				-		243,865
Capital outlay 402,717 402,717 402,717 Total Expenditures 11,544,677 402,717 758,866 12,706,260 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,003,930 (107,146) (238,397) 658,387 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued 2,945,000 - - 2,945,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (3,107,299) - - (3,107,299) Issuance premium 240,638 - - 240,638 Transfers in 168,362 397,733 260,052 826,147 Transfers out (657,785) (168,362) - (826,147) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 260,052 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,225 21,655 736,726 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year, as reported 2,614,587 515,462 94,575 3,224,624 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - -	Refunding bond issuance costs		78,339		-		-		78,339
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 1,003,930 (107,146) (238,397) 658,387 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued 2,945,000 2,945,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (3,107,299) 15 (3,107,299) 15 (3,107,299) 16 240,638 17 - 240,638 17 - 240,638 17 240,638 17 240,638 17 240,638 17 240,638 17 (826,147) 18 (826,147) 19 (826,147) 19		*****	-		402,717				402,717
Over Expenditures 1,003,930 (107,146) (238,397) 658,387 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued 2,945,000 - - 2,945,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (3,107,299) - - (3,107,299) Issuance premium 240,638 - - - 240,638 Transfers in 168,362 397,733 260,052 826,147 Transfers out (657,785) (168,362) - - (826,147) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 260,052 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,225 21,655 736,726 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year, as reported 2,614,587 515,462 94,575 3,224,624 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 515,462 94,575 4,362,928	Total Expenditures		11,544,677		402,717		758,866		12,706,260
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued 2,945,000 - - 2,945,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (3,107,299) - - (3,107,299) Issuance premium 240,638 - - 240,638 Transfers in 168,362 397,733 260,052 826,147 Transfers out (657,785) (168,362) - (826,147) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 260,052 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,225 21,655 736,726 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) 8 1,138,304 - - - 1,138,304 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 515,462 94,575 4,362,928	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Refunding bonds issued 2,945,000 - - 2,945,000 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (3,107,299) - - (3,107,299) Issuance premium 240,638 - - - 240,638 Transfers in 168,362 397,733 260,052 826,147 Transfers out (657,785) (168,362) - (826,147) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 260,052 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,225 21,655 736,726 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year, as reported 2,614,587 515,462 94,575 3,224,624 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 515,462 94,575 4,362,928	Over Expenditures		1,003,930		(107,146)		(238,397)		658,387
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (3,107,299) - - (3,107,299) Issuance premium 240,638 - - 240,638 Transfers in 168,362 397,733 260,052 826,147 Transfers out (657,785) (168,362) - (826,147) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 260,052 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,225 21,655 736,726 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year, as reported 2,614,587 515,462 94,575 3,224,624 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 515,462 94,575 4,362,928	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance premium	Refunding bonds issued		2,945,000		-		-		
Transfers in Transfers out 168,362 (657,785) 397,733 (168,362) 260,052 (826,147) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 (260,052) 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 (122,225) 21,655 (736,726) FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year, as reported 2,614,587 (515,462) 94,575 (3,224,624) Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 (-138,304) (1,138,304) Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 (515,462) 94,575 (4,362,928)	Payment to refunded bond escrow agent				-		-		
Transfers out (657,785) (168,362) - (826,147) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 260,052 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,225 21,655 736,726 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year, as reported 2,614,587 515,462 94,575 3,224,624 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 515,462 94,575 4,362,928	Issuance premium		240,638		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (411,084) 229,371 260,052 78,339 Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,225 21,655 736,726 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year, as reported 2,614,587 515,462 94,575 3,224,624 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 515,462 94,575 4,362,928	Transfers in				•		260,052		
Net Change in Fund Balances 592,846 122,225 21,655 736,726 FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year, as reported 2,614,587 515,462 94,575 3,224,624 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 515,462 94,575 4,362,928	Transfers out		(657,785)		(168,362)		-		(826,147)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year, as reported 2,614,587 515,462 94,575 3,224,624 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 515,462 94,575 4,362,928	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(411,084)		229,371		260,052		78,339
Beginning of Year, as reported 2,614,587 515,462 94,575 3,224,624 Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 515,462 94,575 4,362,928	Net Change in Fund Balances	-	592,846		122,225	<u></u>	21,655		736,726
Accounting Principle 1,138,304 - - - 1,138,304 Beginning of Year, as restated 3,752,891 515,462 94,575 4,362,928			2,614,587		515,462		94,575		3,224,624
		***************************************	1,138,304				•		1,138,304
End of Year \$ 4,345,737 \$ 637,687 \$ 116,230 \$ 5,099,654	Beginning of Year, as restated	····	3,752,891		515,462		94,575		4,362,928
	End of Year	\$	4,345,737	\$	637,687	\$	116,230	\$	5,099,654

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended May 31, 2017

Amounts Reported fo	r Governmental	Activities in the	Statement of	Activities are	Different Because:
---------------------	----------------	-------------------	--------------	----------------	--------------------

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 736,726
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	110,419
·	•
Depreciation expense	(664,558)
	(554,139)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Real property taxes	27,650
Real property taxes	27,000
Long-term debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also	
governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized on	
the statement of activities.	
Refunding Bonds issued	(2,945,000)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	3,107,299
Issuance premium	(240,638)
Amortization of premium and loss on refunding bonds	4,340
Principal paid on serial bonds	679,370
Timelpar paid on serial bonds	
	605,371
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest	41,030
	57,475
Compensated absences	(295,520)
Pension liabilities	, , ,
Other post employment benefit obligations	(1,260,000)
	(1,457,015)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (641,407)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended May 31, 2017

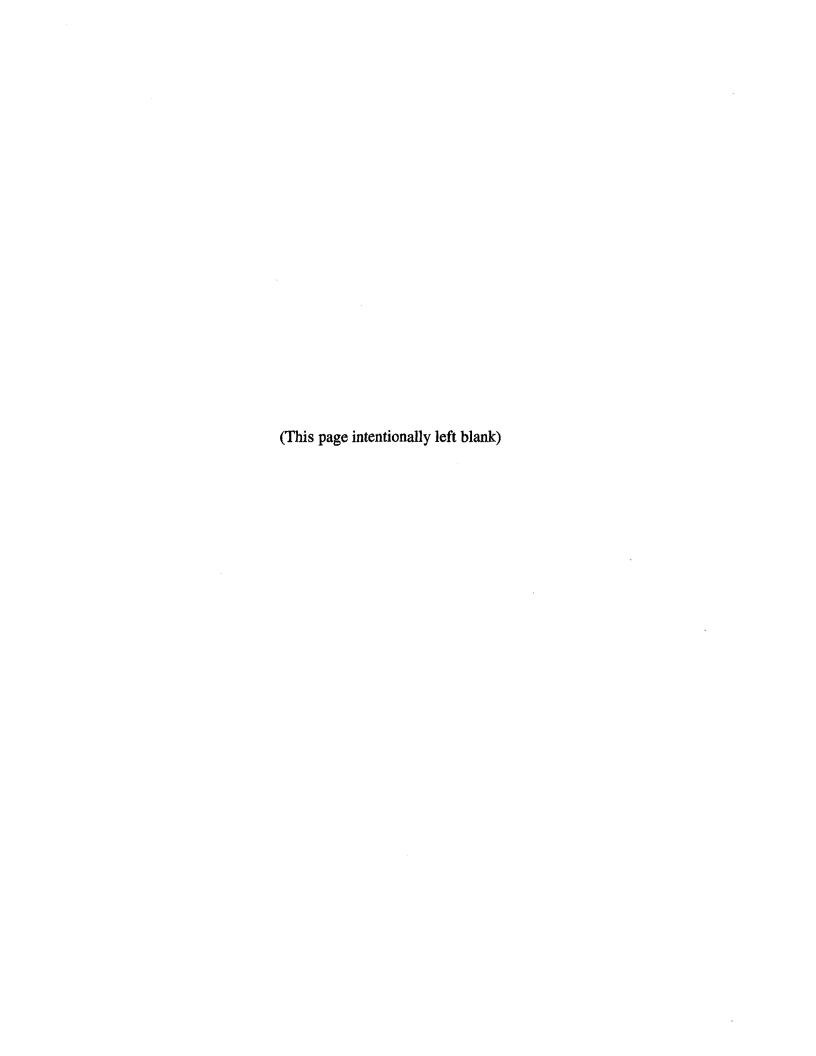
DEVENUE		Original Budget	-	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$	9,723,969	\$	9,723,969	\$	9,696,319	\$ (27,650)
Other tax items	Ψ	31,500	Ψ	31,500	Ψ	30,714	(786)
Non-property taxes		854,000		854,000		913,134	59,134
Departmental income		593,800		649,231		645,736	(3,495)
Net change in fair value of investments				-		164,826	164,826
Use of money and property		3,000		3,000		2,758	(242)
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures		243,604 95,000		243,604 95,000		427,498 85,635	183,894 (9,365)
Sale of property and compensation		95,000		95,000		00,000	(9,505)
for loss		12,300		12,300		42,176	29,876
State aid		234,804		243,876		173,338	(70,538)
Federal aid		125,000		125,000		161,159	36,159
Miscellaneous		17,000		17,000		205,314	188,314
Total Revenues		11,933,977		11,998,480		12,548,607	550,127
EXPENDITURES Current							
General government support		1,791,856		1,836,584		1,814,957	21,627
Public safety		3,721,629		3,918,231		3,913,732	4,499
Health		158,040		143,567		114,037	29,530
Transportation		1,220,133		1,139,942		1,139,408	534
Economic opportunity and development		11,400		11,534		10,404	1,130
Culture and recreation		307,929 492,163		268,464 489,129		268,243 479,926	221 9,203
Home and community services Employee benefits		2,913,924		2,875,631		2,802,396	73,235
Debt service		2,010,021		2,0,0,00		2,002,000	. 5,25
Principal		649,370		679,370		679,370	-
Interest		300,370		243,865		243,865	-
Refunding bond issuance costs				78,339		78,339	-
Total Expenditures		11,566,814		11,684,656		11,544,677	139,979
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		367,163	<u></u>	313,824		1,003,930	690,106
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Refunding bonds issued		-		2,945,000		2,945,000	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		(3,107,299)		(3,107,299)	-
Issuance premium		-		240,638		240,638	-
Transfers in Transfers out		(367,163)		168,362 (657,785)		168,362 (657,785)	-
Tansiers out		(307,103)		(007,700)		(001,100)	
Total Other Financing Uses	<u></u>	(367,163)		(411,084)		(411,084)	**
Net Change in Fund Balance		•		(97,260)		592,846	690,106
FUND BALANCE							
Beginning of Year, as reported		-		97,260		2,614,587	2,517,327
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle				_		1,138,304	1,138,304
Beginning of Year, as restated				97,260		3,752,891	3,655,631
End of Year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	4,345,737	\$ 4,345,737_

Statement of Assets on Liabilities Fiduciary Funds May 31, 2017

	Agency
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 107,057
LIABILITIES Deposits	\$ 107,057

Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position Pension Trust Fund - Service Awards Program Year Ended May 31, 2017

ADDITIONS	\$	-
DEDUCTIONS		_
Change in Plan Net Position		
NET POSITION Beginning of Year, as reported		1,138,304
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle		(1,138,304)
Beginning of Year, as restated	***************************************	-
End of Year	\$	_



Notes to Financial Statements May 31, 2017

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Ardsley, New York ("Village") was established in 1896 and operates in accordance with Village Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Village Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Village Manager serves as the Administrative Officer and the Chief Budget Officer and the Village Treasurer serves as the chief financial officer. The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Village conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Village's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Village, b) organizations for which the Village is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Village as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the Village at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances/net position, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Village maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Village's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Village's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Village in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The Village also reports the following non-major governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The non-major special revenue funds of the Village are as follows:

Public Library Fund - The Public Library Fund is used to account for the activities of the Village's Public Library.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Village in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in an agency capacity on behalf of others. This includes the Agency Fund. The Agency Fund accounts for employee payroll tax withholdings and deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to net pension liability, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The Village's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Village has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Village is

authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Village has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

Investments of the Service Award Program are held with an insurance company. The funds are invested along with the company's other assets in a variety of investments. The amounts are invested in various portfolios by the trustee. These investments are not subject to risk categorization.

The Village follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurements and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The Village does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the Village does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Village's name. The Village's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at May 31, 2017.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The Village does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of June 1st and are levied and payable in two installments due in June and December. The Village has the responsibility for the billing and collection of its own taxes.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Village. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as May 31, 2017, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Inventories - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the Village. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Village chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The Village was able to estimate historical cost for the initial reporting period of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and used an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land is not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Village are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
Buildings and improvements	10-40
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	20-50

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2017

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Village reported deferred inflows of resources of \$182,236 for real property taxes in the General Fund. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The Village reported deferred outflows of resources of \$149,106 for a deferred loss on refunding bonds in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. This amount results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunding or refunded debt.

The Village also reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension obligations. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the Village's pension plans in Note 3E.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bonds issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation of service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Pension Liability - The net pension liability represents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Police and Fire Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date".

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the Statement of Net Position includes net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, pension benefits, debt service and special purpose. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balances - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Village Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making authority for the Village that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain designations established and approved by the Village Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by the policies of the entity's highest level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2017

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Village's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General and Public Library funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. The Village has not implemented an encumbrance system.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is November 28, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2017

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Village generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before March 20th, the budget officer submits to the Village Board of Trustees a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following June 1st. The tentative budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The Village Board of Trustees may meet to discuss and review the tentative budget in a series of budget work sessions after March 20th and up to April 30th.
- c) The Village Board of Trustees must conduct a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments on or before April 15th.
- d) After the public hearing and on or before May 1st, the Trustees meet to consider and adopt the budget.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General and Public Library funds.
- f) Budgets for the General and Public Library funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not adopted by the Village Board of Trustees for the Special Purpose Fund.
- g) The Village Board of Trustees has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Village Board of Trustees. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Village Board of Trustees.
- h) Appropriations in the General and Public Library funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Village Board of Trustees.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The Village is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes up to 2% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the Village, exclusive of the amount raised for the payment of interest on and redemption of long-term debt. In accordance with this definition, the maximum amount of the levy for the 2016-2017 fiscal year was \$18,182,980 which exceeded the actual levy by \$8,459,011.

On June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This applies to all local governments.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a Village in a particular year. The original legislation that established the Tax levy Limitation Law was

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

May 31, 2017

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

set to expire on June 16, 2016. Chapter 20 of the Laws of 2015 extends the Tax Levy Limitation Law through June 2020.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Village to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the 20 National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The Village is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Village, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Village. The Village Board of Trustees may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Village Board of Trustees first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Village Board of Trustees, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

C. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The following capital projects exceeded their budgetary provisions by the amounts indicated:

\$7,183

3,000

Flood Control Pascon Park

D. Capital Projects Fund Deficits

The deficits in various individual projects arise in-part because of the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the financial reporting of such funds. The proceeds of bond anticipation notes issued to finance construction of capital projects are not recognized as an "other financing source". Liabilities for bond anticipation notes payable are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes are recognized as revenue only to the extent that they are redeemed. This deficit will be reduced and eliminated as the bond anticipation notes are redeemed from interfund transfers from other governmental funds or converted to permanent financing. Other deficits, where no bond anticipation notes were issued or outstanding to the extent of the project deficit, arise because of expenditures exceeding current financing on the projects. These deficits will be eliminated with the subsequent receipt or issuance of authorized financing.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2017

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

E. Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle

The Village, for the year ended May 31, 2017 implemented the requirements of GASB Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68" that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing the Length of Service Awards Program ("LOSAP") pensions. As a result of adopting this standard, a cumulative effect for the change in accounting principle of \$1,138,304 was recorded in the Pension Trust Fund, governmental activities and in the General Fund.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at May 31, 2017 consisted of the following:

Current Year	\$ 82,312
Prior Years	106,154
	\$ 188,466

B. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at May 31, 2017 were as follows:

	Due	Due
Fund	 From	 То
General	\$ 2,190	\$ 125,230
Capital Projects	 125,230	 2,190
	\$ 127,420	\$ 127,420

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

C. Capital Assets

Changes in the Village's capital assets are as follows:

	Balance					Balance
	June 1,					May 31,
	 2016	Ad	ditions	Dele	tions	 2017
Capital Assets, not being depreciated						
Land	\$ 121,550	\$		\$		\$ 121,550

	•	Balance June 1, 2016	Additions	D	eletions_		Balance May 31, 2017
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$	9,053,966 5,220,976 2,081,645	\$ 110,419 -		44,199 -	\$	9,053,966 5,287,196 2,081,645
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		16,356,587	 110,419		44,199		16,422,807
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		3,193,146 2,883,623 259,033	299,497 312,832 52,229		44,199 -	***********	3,492,643 3,152,256 311,262
Total Accumulated Depreciation		6,335,802	 664,558	<u> </u>	44,199		6,956,161
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	\$	10,020,785	\$ (554,139)	\$	_	\$	9,466,646
Capital Assets, net	\$	10,142,335	\$ (554,139)	\$	_	\$	9,588,196

Depreciation expense was charged to the Village's functions and programs as follows:

General Government Support	\$ 33,627
Public Safety	256,253
Transportation	216,646
Culture and Recreation	 <u> 158,032</u>
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 664.558

D. Short-Term Capital Borrowings - Bond Anticipation Notes

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings.

Purpose	Year of Original Issue	Maturity Date	Rate of Interest	-	Balance June 1, 2016	Re	demptions	 Balance May 31, 2017
Police Vehicles Highway Equipment Highway Garage	2014 2014 2016	08/03/17 08/03/17	- % 0.93 0.93	\$	14,000 136,200 1,020,000	\$	14,000 45,400 47,711	\$ 90,800 972,289
				\$	1,170,200	\$	107,111	\$ 1,063,089

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires

that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expenditures of \$10,883 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$12,906 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

E. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Village's long-term indebtedness for the year ended May 31, 2017:

	 Balance June 1, 2016	 New Issues/ Additions		Maturities and/or Payments		Balance May 31, 2017	_	ue Within One Year
Bonds Payable Plus	\$ 7,879,370	\$ 2,945,000	\$	3,629,370	\$	7,195,000	\$	660,000
Unamortized premium on bonds	 •	 240,638		12,533		228,105		
	 7,879,370	 3,185,638		3,641,903		7,423,105		660,000
Compensated Absences	213,294	-		57,475		155,819		16,000
Net Pension Liability Other Post Employment	3,367,896	-		1,152,940		2,214,956		-
Benefit Obligations Payable	 6,790,000	 1,610,000	_	350,000	_	8,050,000		H
	\$ 18,250,560	\$ 4,795,638	\$	5,202,318	\$	17,843,880	\$	676,000

Each governmental fund's liability for bonds, compensated absences, net pension liability and other post employment benefit obligations are liquidated by the General Fund.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at May 31, 2017 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Outstanding at May 31, 2017
Public Improvements	1997	\$ 2,206,000	October, 2017	4.8 - 5.125 %	\$ 100,000
Public Improvements	2006	5,219,200	August, 2017	4.0 - 5.000	225,000
Public Improvements	2012	1,211,500	March, 2027	2.0 - 2.750	840,000
Public Improvements	2016	3,364,370	August, 2035	2.0 - 3.375	3,115,000
Public Improvements	2017	2,945,000	August, 2031	2.0 - 5.000	2,915,000
					\$ 7,195,000

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2017

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Interest expenditures of \$232,982 was recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund. Interest expense of \$185,588 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of May 31, 2017 including interest payments of \$1,530,758 are as follows:

Year Ended May 31,	 Principal		Interest
2018	\$ 660,000	\$	318,987
2019	540,000		180,276
2020	555,000		162,551
2021	520,000		144,901
2022	500,000		129,001
2023-2027	2,400,000		436,351
2028-2032	 2,020,000		158,691
	\$ 7,195,000	\$_	1,530,758

Advance Refunding

During the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the Village issued \$2,945,000 in serial bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%, depending on maturity. The proceeds were used to refund \$2,950,000 of the outstanding 2006 public improvement serial bond bearing interest at rates from 4.00% to 5.00%. The net proceeds of \$3,107,299 (net of the receipt of a \$240,638 reoffering premium and after payment of \$78,339 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2006 serial bond. As a result, the 2006 serial bond are considered defeased and the liability for those serial bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$157,299 and the premium received was \$240,638. These amounts are being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The Village advance refunded the 2006 serial bond to reduce its total debt service payments over 16 years by \$387,850 and to obtain a net present value economic gain of \$340,809. As of May 31, 2017, \$225,000 of the bonds have not yet been called and are still outstanding.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") which are collectively referred to as the New York State and Local Retirement System ("System"). These are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2017

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The Village also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's fiscal year ending March 31. The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2017 are as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
ERS	3 A14 4 A15	16.0 % 16.0
	5 A15 6 A15	13.1 9.3
PFRS	2 384D 6 384D	24.1 14.5

At May 31, 2017, the Village reported a liability of \$775,591 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of ERS and a liability of \$1,439,365 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of PFRS. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. At March 31, 2017, the Village's proportion was 0.0082543% for ERS and 0.0694456% for PFRS, which was an increase 0.0003124% and a decrease 0.0012519%, respectively, from its proportion measured as of March 31, 2016.

For the year ended May 31, 2017, the Village recognized pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$485,600 for ERS and \$885,184 for PFRS. Pension expenditures of \$383,756 for ERS and \$691,508 for PFRS were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds:

	 ERS	 PFRS
General Fund Library Fund	\$ 345,362 38,394	\$ 691,508 -
	\$ 383,756	\$ 691,508

At May 31, 2017, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		ER	S		PFRS			
		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred			Deferred
	(Outflows		Inflows		Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	19,436	\$	117,778	\$	188,820	\$	248,690
Changes of assumptions		264,970		_		709,115		-
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments		154,917		-		214,967		-
Changes in proportion and differences between								
Village contributions and proportionate								
share of contributions		126,723		5,413		185,889		12,135
Village contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		36,626				94,295		
	\$	602,672	\$	123,191	\$	1,393,086	\$	260,825

\$36,626 and \$94,295 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS, respectively, resulting from the Village's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended March 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and PFRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended March 31,	 ERS	 PFRS
2018	\$ 188,127	\$ 323,950
2019	188,127	323,950
2020	156,651	307,906
2021	(90,050)	29,747
2022	-	52,413

The total pension liability for the March 31, 2017 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2016, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to March 31, 2017. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2016 valuation were as follows:

Inflation	2.5%	
Salary scale	3.8% in ERS, 4.5% in PFRS indexed by service	е
Investment rate of return	7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses, including inflation	
Cost of living adjustments	1.3% annually	

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2016 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below.

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Type	Allocation	of Return
Domestic Equity	36 %	4.55 %
International Equity	14	6.35
Private Equity	10	7.75
Real Estate	10	5.80
Absolute Return Strategies	. 2	4.00
Opportunistic Portfolio	3	5.89
Real Assets	3	5.54
Bonds and Mortgages	17	1.31
Cash	1	(0.25)
Inflation Indexed Bonds	4	1.50
	100 %	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31; 2017

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Å	Current Assumption (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
Village's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,477,084	\$	775,591	\$ (663,018)
Village's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability (asset)	\$ 4,080,516	\$_	1,439,365	\$ (775,914)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2017 measurement date were as follows:

	(In Thousands)			
	ERS	PFRS Total		
Total pension liability ERS fiduciary net position		\$ 209,071,069 29,597,831 \$ 197,602,194		
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 9,396,223 \$	2,072,652 \$ 11,468,875		
ERS fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	94.7%	93.5% 94.5%		

Employer contributions to ERS and PFRS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the System's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Retirement contributions as of May 31, 2017 represent the employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2017 through May 31, 2017 based on prior year ERS and PFRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Retirement contributions to ERS and PFRS for the two months ended May 31, 2017 were \$36,626 and \$94,295, respectively.

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The Village can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after June 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 6% depending on salary and the Village will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

F. Service Awards Program

The Village, pursuant to Article 11-A of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York and legislative resolution, has established a Length of Service Awards Program ("Program") for volunteer firefighters. This Program is a single employer defined benefit plan established as a grantor/rabbi trust and, as such, the assets are subject to the claims of the Village's general creditors. The Program is accounted for in the Village's financial statements within the General Fund.

Active volunteer firefighters, upon attainment of age 18, and upon earning 50 or more points in a calendar year after 1990 under the provisions of the Program point system, are eligible to become participants in the Program. Points are granted for the performance of certain activities in accordance with a system established by the Village on the basis of a statutory list of activities and point values. A participant may also receive credit for five years of firefighting service rendered prior to the establishment of the Program. Participants are fully vested upon attainment of entitlement age, upon death or upon general disablement and after earning five years of service credit. A participant, upon attainment of entitlement age (the later of age 62 or the participant's age after earning 50 program points), shall be able to receive their service award, payable in the form of a ten-year certain and continuous monthly payment life annuity. The monthly benefits are \$20 for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 40 years. The benefits and refunds of the plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The Program also provides disability and death benefits. The trustees of the Program, which are the members of the Village's Board, are authorized to invest the funds in authorized investment vehicles. Administrative costs are paid by the Village from the General Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued by the Program.

Current membership in the Program is comprised of the following:

Group	January 1, 2017
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated members entitled to	12
but not yet receiving benefits	32
Active	42

The Village's Board has retained and designated BPAS, Inc. to assist in the administration of the Program. Based on the certified calendar year volunteer firefighter listings, BPAS, Inc. determines and certifies in writing the amount of the service award to be paid to a participant or to a participant's designated beneficiary. As authorized by the Village, BPAS, Inc. then directs the paying agent to pay the service award. No service award benefit payment is made without the written certification from BPAS, Inc. and written confirmation to the Village.

Program assets are required to be held in trust by Article 11-A of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York, for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to participants and their beneficiaries or for the purpose of defraying the reasonable expenses of the operation and administration of the Program. Authority to invest the Program's assets is vested in the Trustee. Program assets are invested in accordance with a statutory prudent person rule and in accordance with an investment policy adopted by the Village.

The Village is required to retain an actuary to determine the amount of the Village's contributions to the Program. The actuarial firm retained for this purpose is BPAS, Inc. Portions of the following information are derived from a report prepared by the actuary dated December 31, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2017

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Actuarial Present Value of Benefits at December 31, 2)16
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\$ 1,691,563

Less: Assets Available for Benefits

Cash	8.70 %	\$ 108,204
Fixed income mutual funds	73.32	912,237
International equities	11.35	141,158
U.S. government obligations	6,64	82,579

Total Net Assets Available for Benefits

Total Funded (Unfunded) Benefits

Less: Unfunded Liability for Prior Service

(447,385)

Funded (Unfunded) Normal Benefits

\$ -

% of total

The above investments in fixed income mutual funds, international equities and U.S. government obligations are valued using level one inputs.

Prior service costs are being amortized over a range of 10 to 17 years at a discount rate of 5.00%.

The Village is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the Program as actuarially determined using the unit credit cost method. The assumed investment rate of return is 5.00% and there are no cost of living adjustments.

The Village's annual Program cost, the percentage of the annual Program cost contributed to the plan and the net pension obligation for the current and two preceding fiscal years were as follows:

Annual Required Contribution		Actual Contribution		Percentage of Annual Program Cost Contributed	
2017 2016 2015	\$	63,000 70,000 60,000	\$	63,000 70,000 60,000	100 % 100 100

The schedule of funding progress for the defined benefit pension plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

The current contributions were charged to the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2017

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Pursuant to collective bargaining agreements, employees of the Department of Public Works and non-union full-time employees may accumulate up to 175 days of sick time. Upon retirement, these employees will be compensated for 50% of unused sick time at their current salary level. Effective June 1, 1994, police employees have unlimited sick leave. Prior to this date, police employees could accumulate up to 150 days of sick time. Days accumulated as of June 1, 1994 were frozen and police employees, at retirement, separation of service or upon written notification, may receive payment for 50% of these accumulated days at their hourly rate. Compensatory time for overtime hours may be accumulated by police employees. At the option of the employee, payment will be made either through additional compensation or compensatory time. Payment is limited to 150 hours. Compensatory time for police officers may accumulate without limit. Employees will be paid for this time, at their option. However, requests for payment must be made prior to February 1st of each year. Vacation time for employees of the Department of Public Works may be carried over to the subsequent year, and upon separation of service, employees will be compensated for any unused days from the prior year. Vacation time for police and non-union employees is generally taken in the year earned and may not be accumulated.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Village may vary according to length of service. Substantially all of the Village's employee's may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Village. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure as claims are paid in the fund financial statements.

The Village's annual other post employment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be done under the "payas-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions projections utilized do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The Village is required to accrue on the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the expected rate of return on the Village's general assets. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-asyou-go basis. The assumed rates of increase in post-retirement benefits are as follows:

Year Ended	
May 31,	
2018	8.00 %
2019	7.50
2020	7.00
2021	6.50
2022	6.00
2023	5.50
2024 +	5.00

The amortization basis is the level percentage of payroll basis with an open amortization approach with 22 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return. The Village currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying postemployment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the projected unit credit method.

The number of participants as of May 31, 2017 was as follows:

Active Employees Retired Employees	42 21	
,	63	
Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of June 1, 2016 Assets at Market Value	\$	18,290,000
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	\$	18,290,000
Funded Ratio		0.00%
Covered Payroll (active plan members)	\$	5,500,000
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		332.55%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$	1,700,000 310,000 (400,000)
Annual OPEB Cost		1,610,000
Contributions Made		(350,000)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		1,260,000
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		6,790,000
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	8,050,000

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and preceding year is as follows:

Fiscal	Percentage of				
Year Ended	Annual	Annual OPEB		Net OPEB	
May 31,	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed		Obligation	
2017	\$ 1,610,000	21.74 %	\$	8,050,000	
2016	1,560,000	20.51		6,790,000	
2015	1,560,000	19.87		5,550,000	

The schedule of funding progress for the OPEB plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

G. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers.

			Capital			Other			
	•	General		Projects	Go	vernmental			
Transfers Out		Fund		Fund		Funds	Total		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	397,733	\$	260,052	\$	657,785	
Capital Projects Fund		168,362					-	168,362	
	\$_	168,362	_\$_	397,733	\$_	260,052	\$	826,147	

Transfers are used to 1) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Capital Projects Fund expenditures, 2) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for the Public Library Fund and 3) move funds from the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund as capital projects are closed.

H. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2017

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Pension Benefits - The component of net position that has been set aside to be used for LOSAP pension benefits in accordance with Article 11-A of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Special Purpose - the component of net position that represents funds restricted for specific purposes under New York State law or by external parties and/or statutes.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

I. Fund Balances

		20	17		2016							
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total				
Nonspendable												
Prepaid expenditures	\$	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 96,150	\$ -	\$	\$ 96,150				
Restricted												
Pension benefit	1,313,884	_	_	1,313,884	-	-	_	-				
Special purpose	-	-	64,799	64,799	_	-	28,695	28,695				
Capital projects	-	500,877	_	500,877	-	379,506	-	379,506				
Debt service	325,702	136,810	-	462,512	393,733	135,956		529,689				
Total Restricted	1,639,586	637,687	64,799	2,342,072	393,733	515,462	28,695	937,890				
Assigned												
Contractual obligations	57,373	-	_	57,373	120,659	-	-	120,659				
Subsequent year's debt service expenditures Non-Major Governmental Fund	70,000	-	-	70,000	-	-	-	-				
Public Library		***	51,431	51,431			65,880	65,880				
Total Assigned	127,373	· _	51,431	178,804	120,659		65,880	186,539				
Unassigned	2,578,778	-	-	2,578,778	2,004,045			2,004,045				
Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,345,737	\$ 637,687	\$ 116,230	\$ 5,099,654	\$ 2,518,437	\$ 515,462	\$ 94,575	\$ 3,224,624				

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
May 31, 2017

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for the purchase of day camp supplies made in advance. This amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that the funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Assigned for Contractual Obligations - This is used to segregate a portion of fund balance of the General Fund for contractual obligations.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at May 31, 2017, the Board of Trustees has assigned the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as restricted or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

The Village, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising from false arrest, property damages or personal injury. Of the claims currently pending, none are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Village, if adversely settled.

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the Village, if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of the possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

Contingencies

The Village participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, the Village's compliance with applicable grant requirements may be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Village anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

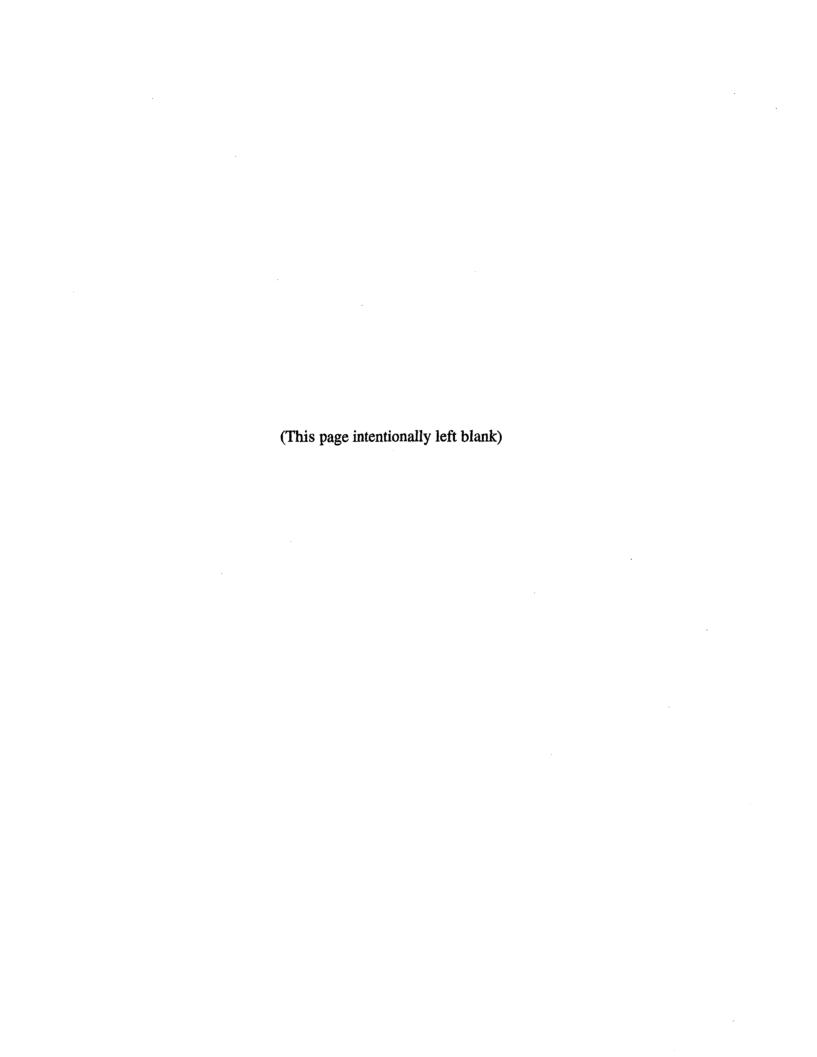
B. Risk Management

The Village purchases various insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Village maintains a general liability insurance policy with coverage up to \$1 million for each occurrence and an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$10 million. The public officials liability policy provides coverage up to \$1 million. The Village also purchases conventional workers' compensation insurance with coverage at statutory limits and medical insurance coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) May 31, 2017

Note 5 - Subsequent Events

The Village, on August 2, 2017, issued bond anticipation notes in the amount of \$2,366,817 due August 2, 2018 and bearing interest at 1.20%.



Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress Service Awards Program

Last Six Fiscal Years

Actuarial Valuation Date January 1,	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio
2012	\$ 720,345	\$ 1,255,336	\$ 534,991	57.38 %
2013	848,060	1,312,760	464,700	64.60
2014	1,074,145	1,392,701	318,556	77.13
2015	1,161,682	1,504,788	343,106	77.20
2016	1,137,569	1,555,557	417,988	73.13
2017	1,244,178	1,691,563	447,385	73.55

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2017	2016 (2)
Village's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0082543%	0.0079419%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 775,591	\$ 1,274,695
Village's covered payroll Village's proportionate share of the	\$ 2,483,991	\$ 2,484,759
net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	31.22%	51.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	94.70%	90.70%

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date.

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.
- (2) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2017	2016		
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 383,756	\$ 405,434		
contractually required contribution	(383,756)	(405,434)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$		
Village's covered payroll	\$ 2,617,427	\$ 2,414,425		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.66%	16.79%		

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

•	2017		2016 (2)
Village's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0694456%	_	0.0706975%
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,439,365	\$	2,093,201
Village's covered payroll Village's proportionate share of the	\$ 2,927,982	\$	2,636,208
net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	49.16%		79.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93,50%		90.20%

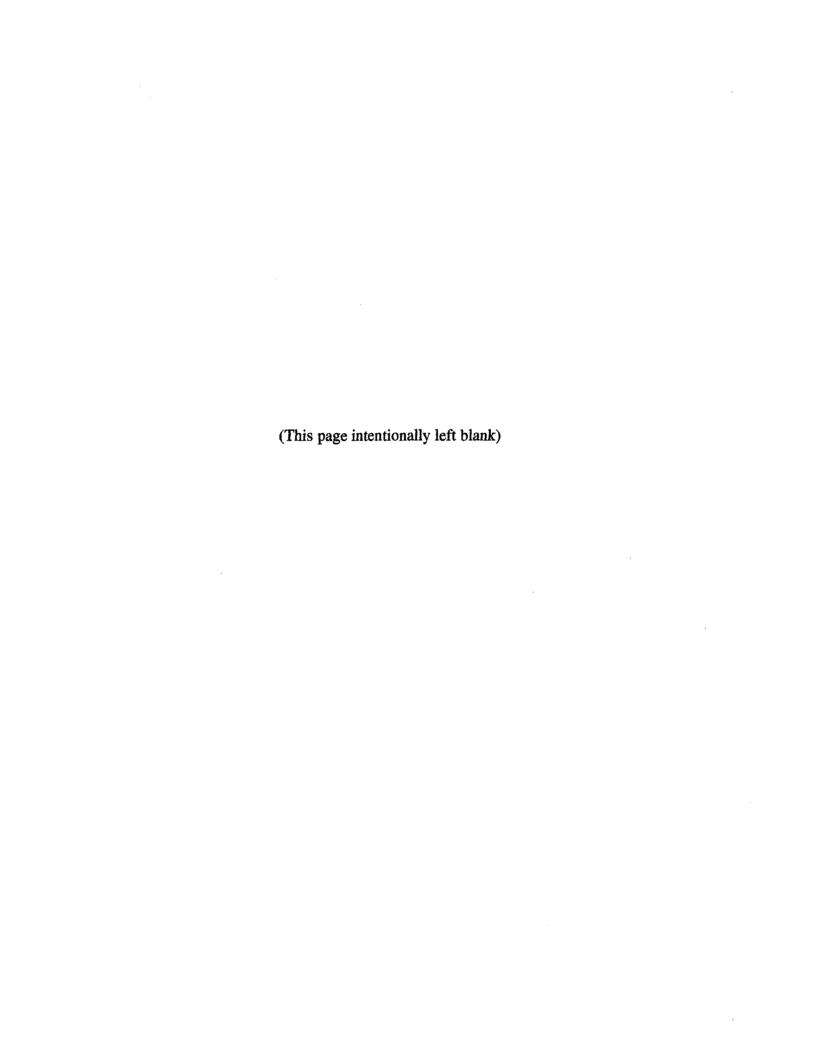
Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date.

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.
- (2) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2017			2016
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	691,508	\$	696,155
contractually required contribution	,	(691,508)		(696,155)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	_
Village's covered payroll	\$	2,950,095	\$	2,850,335
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.44%		24.42%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2016 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.



Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post Employment Benefits Last Three Fiscal Years

Actuarial						Unfunded					Unfunde Liability a	
Valuation Date	•	ue of sets		Accrued Liability				Funded Ratio		Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll	
June 1, 2014 June 1, 2015 June 1, 2016	\$	- - -	\$	16,310,000 17,210,000 18,290,000	\$	16,310,000 17,210,000 18,290,000			\$	4,470,000 4,830,000 5,500,000	364.88 356.31 332.55	%

General Fund Combining Balance Sheet - Sub-Funds May 31, 2017 (With Comparative Totals for 2016)

ASSETS		General	F	ire Service Awards Program
Cash and equivalents	\$	3,052,752	\$	108,204
Investments	****	-		1,205,680
Taxes receivable		188,466	<u> </u>	
Other receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Due from other funds		184,915 117,297 422,238 2,190 726,640		
Prepaid expenditures		-		P4
Total Assets	\$	3,967,858	\$	1,313,884
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to retirement systems	\$	329,027 168,591 125,230 130,921		- - - -
Total Liabilities		753,769		-
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		182,236 936,005	ww	<u>-</u>
Fund balance Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balance Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	325,702 127,373 2,578,778 3,031,853 3,967,858	\$	1,313,884 - - 1,313,884 1,313,884

See independent auditors' report.

	······································										
Totals											
	2017	2016									
\$	3,160,956	\$ 2,281,361									
	1,205,680	_									
	188,466	164,397									
	184,915 117,297 422,238 2,190	139,167 88,350 877,839 67,469									
	726,640	1,172,825									
	**	96,150									
\$	5,281,742	\$ 3,714,733									
	329,027 168,591 125,230	\$ 434,028 147,242 233,369									
	130,921	130,921									
	753,769 182,236 936,005	945,560 154,586 1,100,146									
	1,639,586 127,373 2,578,778 4,345,737	96,150 393,733 120,659 2,004,045 2,614,587									
\$	5,281,742	\$ 3,714,733									

General Fund
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Sub-Funds
Year Ended May 31, 2017
(With Comparative Totals for 2016)

		- 1	F	Fire Service Awards						
REVENUES		General		Program	<u> </u>	ninations		2017		2016
Real property taxes	\$	9,696,319	\$		\$		\$	9,696,319	¢	0.404.333
Other tax items	Ψ	30,714	Φ	-	Ф	-	Ф		\$	9,491,323
				-		-		30,714		35,877
Non-property taxes		913,134		70.000		(70.000)		913,134		857,782
Departmental income		645,736		70,000		(70,000)		645,736		588,550
Net change in fair value of investments				164,826		-		164,826		
Use of money and property		2,758		-		~		2,758		2,274
Licenses and permits		427,498		•		-		427,498		163,168
Fines and forfeitures		85,635		-		-		85,635		83,769
Sale of property and										
compensation for loss		42,176		-				42,176		81,254
State aid		173,338		-		-		173,338		275,035
Federal aid		161,159		-		-		161,159		98,349
Miscellaneous		205,314		-		-		205,314		247,248
Total Revenues		12,383,781		234,826		(70,000)		12,548,607		11,924,629
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government support		1,814,957		_		-		1,814,957		1,577,162
Public safety		3,854,486		59,246		-		3,913,732		3,623,019
Health		114,037		,		**		114,037		143,371
Transportation		1,139,408		_		_		1,139,408		1,039,837
Economic opportunity and development		10,404		_		_		10,404		7,944
Culture and recreation		268,243						268,243		222,361
Home and community services		479,926		•				479,926		568,014
				-		(70,000)		2,802,396		2,755,140
Employee benefits		2,872,396		-		(70,000)		2,002,396		2,755,140
Debt service		670 070						670 270		400.000
Principal		679,370		-		-		679,370		400,000
Interest		243,865		-		-		243,865		209,936
Refunding bond issuance costs		78,339	•					78,339		
Total Expenditures		11,555,431		59,246		(70,000)		11,544,677		10,546,784
Excess of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		828,350		175,580		-		1,003,930		1,377,845
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Refunding bonds issued		2,945,000		-		-		2,945,000		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(3,107,299)		-		-		(3,107,299)		•
Issuance premium		240,638		-		-		240,638		_
Transfers In		168,362		-		-		168,362		1,111
Transfers out	<u></u>	(657,785)		<u>.</u>				(657,785)	,	(236,852)
Total Other Financing Uses		(411,084)		-		-	,	(411,084)		(235,741)
Net Change in Fund Balance	****	417,266		175,580				592,846		1,142,104
FUND BALANCE										
Beginning of Year, as reported		2,614,587		•		-		2,614,587		1,472,483
Cumulative Effect of Change in Accounting Principle		-		1,138,304		_		1,138,304		
Device in a five as as extend	_	0.644.507		1 120 201				2 750 004		4 470 402
Beginning of Year, as restated		2,614,587		1,138,304	<u></u>			3,752,891		1,472,483
End of Year	\$	3,031,853	\$	1,313,884	\$.	\$	4,345,737	\$	2,614,587

General Fund - Sub - Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	2017	2016
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 3,052,752	\$ 2,281,361
Casif and equivalents	\$ 3,032,732	\$ 2,281,361
Taxes receivable	188,466	164,397
Other receivables		
Accounts	184,915	139,167
State and Federal aid	117,297	88,350
Due from other governments	422,238	877,839
Due from other funds	2,190	67,469
	726,640	1,172,825
Prepaid expenditures	-	96,150
Total Assets	\$ 3,967,858	\$ 3,714,733
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to retirement systems	\$ 329,027 168,591 125,230 130,921	\$ 434,028 147,242 233,369 130,921
Total Liabilities	753,769	945,560
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues	182,236	154,586
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	936,005	1,100,146
Fund balance		
Nonspendable	-	96,150
Restricted	325,702	393,733
Assigned	127,373	120,659
Unassigned	2,578,778	2,004,045
Total Fund Balance	3,031,853	2,614,587
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 3,967,858	\$ 3,714,733

General Fund - Sub - Fund Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended May 31,

	2017					
DEVENUES.	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss State aid	\$ 9,723,969 31,500 854,000 593,800 3,000 243,604 95,000 12,300 234,804	\$ 9,723,969 31,500 854,000 649,231 3,000 243,604 95,000 12,300 243,876	\$ 9,696,319 30,714 913,134 645,736 2,758 427,498 85,635 42,176 173,338	\$ (27,650) (786) 59,134 (3,495) (242) 183,894 (9,365) 29,876 (70,538)		
Federal aid Miscellaneous	125,000 17,000	125,000 17,000	161,159 205,314	36,159 188,314		
Total Revenues	11,933,977	11,998,480	12,383,781	385,301		
Current General government support Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service Principal Interest Refunding bond issuance costs Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues	1,791,856 3,721,629 158,040 1,220,133 11,400 307,929 492,163 2,913,924 649,370 300,370	1,836,584 3,918,231 143,567 1,139,942 11,534 268,464 489,129 2,875,631 679,370 243,865 78,339 11,684,656	1,814,957 3,854,486 114,037 1,139,408 10,404 268,243 479,926 2,872,396 679,370 243,865 78,339 11,555,431	21,627 63,745 29,530 534 1,130 221 9,203 3,235		
Over Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Issuance premium Transfers In Transfers out	367,163 - - - (367,163)	2,945,000 (3,107,299) 240,638 168,362 (657,785)	2,945,000 (3,107,299) 240,638 168,362 (657,785)	514,526 - - - - -		
Total Other Financing Uses	(367,163)	(411,084)	(411,084)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(97,260)	417,266	514,526		
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		97,260	2,614,587	2,517,327		
End of Year	\$	\$	\$ 3,031,853	\$ 3,031,853		

	2016							
*******	Ovininal			\ F			/ariance with Final Budget	
	Original Budget		Budget	Final Budget Actual		Positive (Negative)		
\$	9,474,086 31,500 841,000 606,487 3,000 163,000 95,000	\$	9,474,086 31,500 841,000 606,487 3,000 163,000 95,000	\$	9,491,323 35,877 857,782 588,550 2,274 163,168 83,769	\$	17,237 4,377 16,782 (17,937) (726) 168 (11,231)	
	2,400 232,804 125,000 15,000	-	2,400 236,804 125,000 15,000		81,254 275,035 98,349 247,248	Verbrid	78,854 38,231 (26,651) 232,248	
	11,589,277		11,593,277		11,924,629		331,352	
	1,698,487 3,568,891 152,169 1,239,162 6,400 224,711		1,907,325 3,675,662 152,209 1,151,593 9,083 234,499		1,577,162 3,623,019 143,371 1,039,837 7,944 222,361		330,163 52,643 8,838 111,756 1,139 12,138	
	577,833 2,908,108		595,062 2,922,208		568,014 2,755,140		27,048 167,068	
	400,000 218,764		400,000 218,764 -		400,000 209,936 -		8,828 -	
	10,994,525	*************************************	11,266,405		10,546,784		719,621	
	594,752	***************************************	326,872		1,377,845		1,050,973	
	- -		- - -		-		- -	
···	1,000 (595,752)		1,000 (327,872)		1,111 (236,852)		111 91,020	
	(594,752)		(326,872)		(235,741)		91,131	
	-		-		1,142,104		1,142,104	
		_			1,472,483		1,472,483	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,614,587	\$	2,614,587	

General Fund - Sub - Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2017 (With Comparative Actuals for 2016)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2016 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 9,723,969	\$ 9,723,969	\$ 9,696,319	\$ (27,650)	\$ 9,491,323
OTHER TAX ITEMS	24 500	24 500	20.744	(706)	25 977
Interest and penalties on real property taxes	31,500	31,500	30,714	(786)	35,877
NON-PROPERTY TAXES					
Non-property tax distribution from County	640,000	640,000	657,290	17,290	648,341
Hotel occupancy taxes	, -	, -	20,477	20,477	·
Franchise fees	112,000	112,000	124,384	12,384	109,999
Utilities gross receipts taxes	102,000	102,000	110,983	8,983	99,442
	854,000	854,000	913,134	59,134	857,782
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME	034,000	004,000	310,104		031,102
Tax advertising	300	300	456	156	396
Clerk fees	100	100	105	5	107
Police fees	300	300	285	(15)	430
Prisoner transportation	10,000	10,000	14,720	4,720	17,789
Special events	2,800	58,231	50,289	(7,942)	12,289
Safety inspection fees	2,000	2,000	1,850	(150)	1,925
Stop DWI fees	8,400	8,400	5,700	(2,700)	8,720
Occupant restraint fees	1,500	1,500	· -	(1,500)	(2,356)
Registrar of Vital Statistics	2,070	2,070	1,400	(670)	1,340
Parking	44,000	44,000	48,860	4,860	46,222
Parks and recreation charges	57,000	57,000	72,809	15,809	68,797
Zoning fees	1,000	1,000	3,700	2,700	2,250
Planning board fees	1,000	1,000	2,000	1,000	-
Refuse removal	91,680	91,680	82,425	(9,255)	83,500
Fire protection	371,390	371,390	361,137	(10,253)	347,141
Snow removal	260	260		(260)	
	593,800	649,231	645,736	(3,495)	588,550
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	·	<u> </u>			
Earnings on investments	3,000	3,000	2,758	(242)	2,274

Permit flees 235,604 235,604 414,398 178,794 155,288 183,007 1,900 1,31,00 1,51,00 1,900
Price and forfeited bail Price and forfeit P
PINES AND FORFEITURES 95,000 95,000 85,635 (9,365) 83,769 83,
PINES AND FORFEITURES 95,000 95,000 85,635 (9,365) 83,769 83,
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS Sale of equipment
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS Sale of equipment 1
Probation Probability Pr
Probation Probability Pr
Sale of equipment - - 4,335 4,335 40,955 Other minor sales 2,300 2,300 18,849 16,549 13,692 Insurance recoveries 10,000 10,000 18,992 8,992 26,607 STATE AID Per capita 32,748 32,748 28,009 (4,739) 32,276 Mortgage tax 110,000 110,000 127,991 17,991 209,912 Consolidated Highway Improvement Aid 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) 4,230 Youth programs 556 556 567 11 567 Other Public Safety 4,751 4,751 Community projects 6,500 15,572 12,020 (3,552) 28,050 FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
Other minor sales 2,300 2,300 18,849 16,549 13,692 Insurance recoveries 10,000 10,000 18,892 8,992 26,607 Tarre AlD Per capita 32,748 32,748 28,009 (4,739) 32,276 Mortgage tax 110,000 110,000 127,991 17,991 209,912 Consolidated Highway Improvement Aid 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) 4,230 Youth programs 556 556 567 11 567 Other Public Safety - - 4,751 4,751 - Community projects 6,500 15,572 12,020 (3,552) 28,050 FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS 17,000 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
10,000 10,000 18,992 8,992 26,607
STATE AID 12,300 12,300 42,176 29,876 81,254 Per capita 32,748 32,748 28,009 (4,739) 32,276 Mortgage tax 110,000 110,000 127,991 17,991 209,912 Consolidated Highway Improvement Aid 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) 4,230 Youth programs 556 556 567 11 567 Cher Public Safety - - 4,751 4,751 - Community projects 6,500 15,572 12,020 (3,552) 28,050 FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS Other 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
STATE AID Per capita 32,748 32,748 28,009 (4,739) 32,276 Mortgage tax 110,000 110,000 127,991 17,991 209,912 Consolidated Highway Improvement Aid 85,000 - (85,000) 4,230 Youth programs 556 556 567 11 567 Other Public Safety - - 4,751 4,751 - Community projects 6,500 15,572 12,020 (3,552) 28,050 FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS 17,000 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
STATE AID Per capita 32,748 32,748 28,009 (4,739) 32,276 Mortgage tax 110,000 110,000 127,991 17,991 209,912 Consolidated Highway Improvement Aid 85,000 - (85,000) 4,230 Youth programs 556 556 567 11 567 Other Public Safety - - 4,751 4,751 - Community projects 6,500 15,572 12,020 (3,552) 28,050 FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS 17,000 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
Per capita 32,748 32,748 28,009 (4,739) 32,276 Mortgage tax 110,000 110,000 127,991 17,991 209,912 Consolidated Highway Improvement Aid 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) 4,230 Youth programs 556 556 567 11 567 Other Public Safety - - 4,751 4,751 - Community projects 6,500 15,572 12,020 (3,552) 28,050 FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
Mortgage tax 110,000 110,000 127,991 17,991 209,912 Consolidated Highway Improvement Aid 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) 4,230 Youth programs 556 556 567 11 567 Other Public Safety - - 4,751 4,751 - Community projects 6,500 15,572 12,020 (3,552) 28,050 FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
Consolidated Highway Improvement Aid 85,000 85,000 - (85,000) 4,230 Youth programs 556 556 567 11 567 Other Public Safety - - 4,751 4,751 - Community projects 6,500 15,572 12,020 (3,552) 28,050 FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
Youth programs 556 556 556 567 11 567 Other Public Safety - - 4,751 4,751 - Community projects 6,500 15,572 12,020 (3,552) 28,050 FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS Other 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
Community projects 6,500 15,572 12,020 (3,552) 28,050 FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS Other 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
FEDERAL AID 234,804 243,876 173,338 (70,538) 275,035 Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS 0ther 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS Other 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
FEDERAL AID Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS Other 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services 125,000 125,000 161,159 36,159 98,349 MISCELLANEOUS 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
MISCELLANEOUS Other 17,000 17,000 205,314 188,314 247,248
Other17,000
Other17,000
TOTAL REVENUES 11,933,977 11,998,480 12,383,781 385,301 11,924,629
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
Refunding bonds issued - 2,945,000
Issuance premium - 240,638 240,638
Transfers in
Capital Projects Fund - 168,362
Special Purpose Fund
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - 3,354,000 - 1,111
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - 3,354,000 - 1,111
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES \$ 11,933,977 \$ 15,352,480 \$ 15,737,781 \$ 385,301 \$ 11,925,740

General Fund - Sub - Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended May 31, 2017 (With Comparative Actuals for 2016)

			Variance with Final Budget Positive Actual (Negative)			2016 Actual				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT	_		_		٠		_		_	
Board of Trustees	\$	10,100	\$	9,600	\$	9,600	\$		\$	9,600
Justice		137,384		132,499		130,911		1,588		126,895
Mayor		44,900		32,720		32,720		-		6,081
Village Manager		232,172		231,868		231,668		200		189,174
Auditor		48,450		48,450		48,375		75		46,983
Treasurer		199,870		214,056		213,594		462		209,245
Village Clerk		153,261		137,835		137,352		483		125,547
Law		71,622		85,404		83,296		2,108		77,543
Buildings		107,920		109,240		107,584		1,656		106,332
Central data processing		48,900		51,955		51,955		-		34,452
Central garage		346,714		316,327		315,210		1,117		285,521
Unallocated insurance		150,000		133,413		133,413		-		132,762
Municipal association dues		4,167		4,167		2,750		1,417		3,167
Refund of real property taxes		35,000		276,654		265,789		10,865		174,189
Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax		19,396		19,396		18,214		1,182		18,331
Other		33,000		33,000		32,526		474		31,340
Contingency	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	149,000								
		1,791,856		1,836,584		1,814,957		21,627		1,577,162
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police	;	3,189,021		3,254,908		3,245,697		9,211		3,120,160
Traffic control		3,000		4,586		4,586		-		2,348
Fire department		361,969		494,587		440,145		54,442		339,319
Safety inspection		167,639		164,150		164,058		92		161,192
		3,721,629		3,918,231		3,854,486		63,745	***************************************	3,623,019
HEALTH										
Youth Council		158,040		143,567		114,037		29,530		143,371

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TRANSPORTATION					
Street administration	250,821	250,821	250,701	120	245,409
Street maintenance	742,312	772,513	772,319	194	676,218
Snow removal	145,000	64,947	64,946	1	61,290
Street lighting	82,000	51,661	51,442	219	56,920
• •	**************************************				
	1,220,133	1,139,942	1,139,408	534	1,039,837
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT			·		<u> </u>
Programs for the aging	11,400	11,534	10,404 -	1,130	7,944
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Parks	229,528	191,458	191,237	221	151,955
Community center	50,075	50,241	50,241	-	44,112
Historian	1,100	2,390	2,390	-	1,100
Celebrations	4,450	4,571	4,571	-	6,480
CATV committee	22,776	19,804	19,804		18,714
	307,929	268,464	268,243	221	222,361
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Planning	6,300	300	200	100	594
Zoning	2,200	2,745	2,745	-	2,033
Sanitary sewers	7,000	7,000	4,617	2,383	88,077
Storm sewers	24,922	27,189	26,526	663	18,956
Refuse and garbage	418,241	428,179	422,122	6,057	429,193
Shade trees	26,500	16,492	16,492	·	17,840
Community beautification	7,000	6,954	6,954	***	6,715
Street cleaning	· <u>-</u>	270	270	_	4,606
·					
	492,163	489,129	479,926	9,203	568,014
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	-				
State retirement	362,112	345,363	345,362	1	330,081
State retirement - Police	669,373	691,508	691,508	_	650,697
Service awards program	70,000	70,000	70,000		70,000
Social security	368,601	348,535	347,718	817	355,003
Workers' compensation benefits	221,350	226,695	226,695	-	191,740
Life insurance	9,651	5,772	5,772	-	8,710
Disability insurance	1,910	1,910	1,353	557	809
Medical and dental insurance	1,210,927	1,185,848	1,183,988	1,860	1,148,100
	2,913,924	2,875,631	2,872,396	3,235	2,755,140

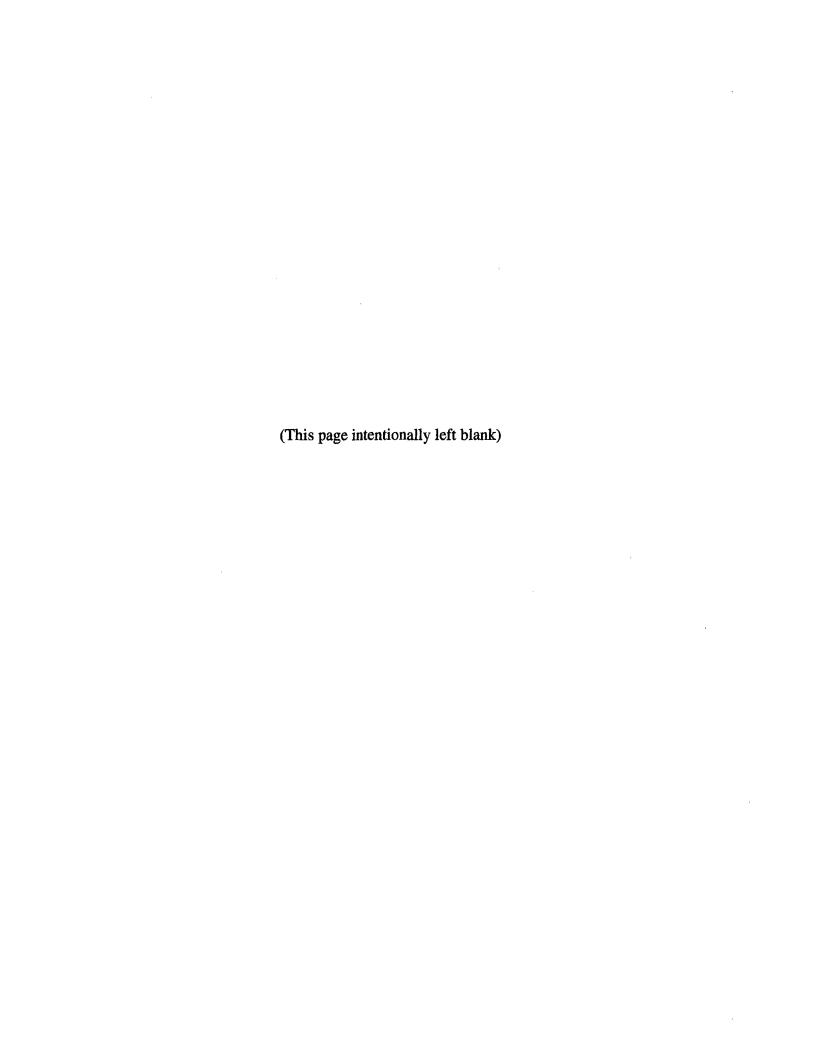
(Continued)

General Fund - Sub - Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended May 31, 2017 (With Comparative Actuals for 2016)

DEBT SERVICE		Original Final Budget Budget Actual		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	2016 Actual			
Principal										
Serial bonds	\$	649,370	\$	679,370	\$	679,370	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	400,000
Interest										
Serial bonds		289,488		232,982		232,982		-		181,786
Bond anticipation notes	***************************************	10,882		10,883		10,883				28,150
	**********	300,370		243,865		243,865				209,936
Refunding bond issuance costs				78,339		78,339				_
	-	949,740		1,001,574		1,001,574	***************************************	-		609,936
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u> </u>	11,566,814		11,684,656		11,555,431		129,225		10,546,784
OTHER FINANCING USES										
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers out		-		3,107,299		3,107,299				_
Capital Projects Fund		107,111		397,733		397,733				_
Public Library Fund		260,052		260,052	·	260,052		••		236,852
										
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES		367,163		3,765,084		3,765,084		-		236,852
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	<u>\$</u>	11,933,977	\$	15,449,740	\$	15,320,515	\$	129,225	\$	10,783,636

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	***************************************	2017	***************************************	2016
ASSETS				
Cash and equivalents	\$	1,589,737	\$	1,555,726
Due from other funds		125,230		233,369
Total Assets	\$	1,714,967	\$	1,789,095
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	12,001	\$	6,765
Due to other funds		2,190		64,618
Deposit payable		-		32,050
Bond anticipation notes payable		1,063,089		1,170,200
Total Liabilities		1,077,280		1,273,633
Fund balance				
Restricted		637,687		515,462
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,714,967	\$	1,789,095



Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended May 31,

		2017		2016
REVENUES Use of money and property State aid Miscellaneous	\$	854 287,688 7,029	\$	915 231,312 3,429
Total Revenues		295,571		235,656
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	Management	402,717		2,080,294
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	**************************************	(107,146)		(1,844,638)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bonds issued Transfers in Transfers out		397,733 (168,362)		3,364,370
Total Other Financing Sources		229,371		3,364,370
Net Change in Fund Balance		122,225		1,519,732
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year		515,462	•	(1,004,270)
End of Year		637,687	\$	515,462

Capital Projects Fund
Project-Length Schedule
Inception of Project Through May 31, 2017

Project	<u>A</u> ı	Expenditur Authorization and Transfe				nexpended Balance
Acquisition of Cable Equipment	\$	206,896	\$	168,014	\$	38,882
Flood Control		159,000		166,183		(7,183)
Street Reconstruction		140,483		71,293		69,190
Refuse Truck		185,000		184,756		244
Reconstruction of King Street Culvert		205,350		205,350		-
Safe Route to School		475,000		322,923		152,077
Highway Equipment		229,500		229,500		_
Village Hall Roof		24,000		21,910		2,090
Village Hall HVAC		9,180		7,880		1,300
Fire Vehicle		715,000		714,389		611
Maintenance Equipment and Sweeper		682,662		323,691		358,971
Planning - Drainage		78,280		-		78,280
Reconstruction of Community Hall Center Roof		43,810		7,000		36,810
Purchase and Installation - Parking Meters		23,015		2,000		21,015
Equipment - Scot Packs		114,240		110,921		3,319
Pascon Park		12,850		15,850		(3,000)
Highway Garage		1,020,000		41,588		978,412
Street Paving 2016-2017	***************************************	311,497		311,497		_
Totals	\$	4,635,763	\$	2,904,745	\$	1,731,018

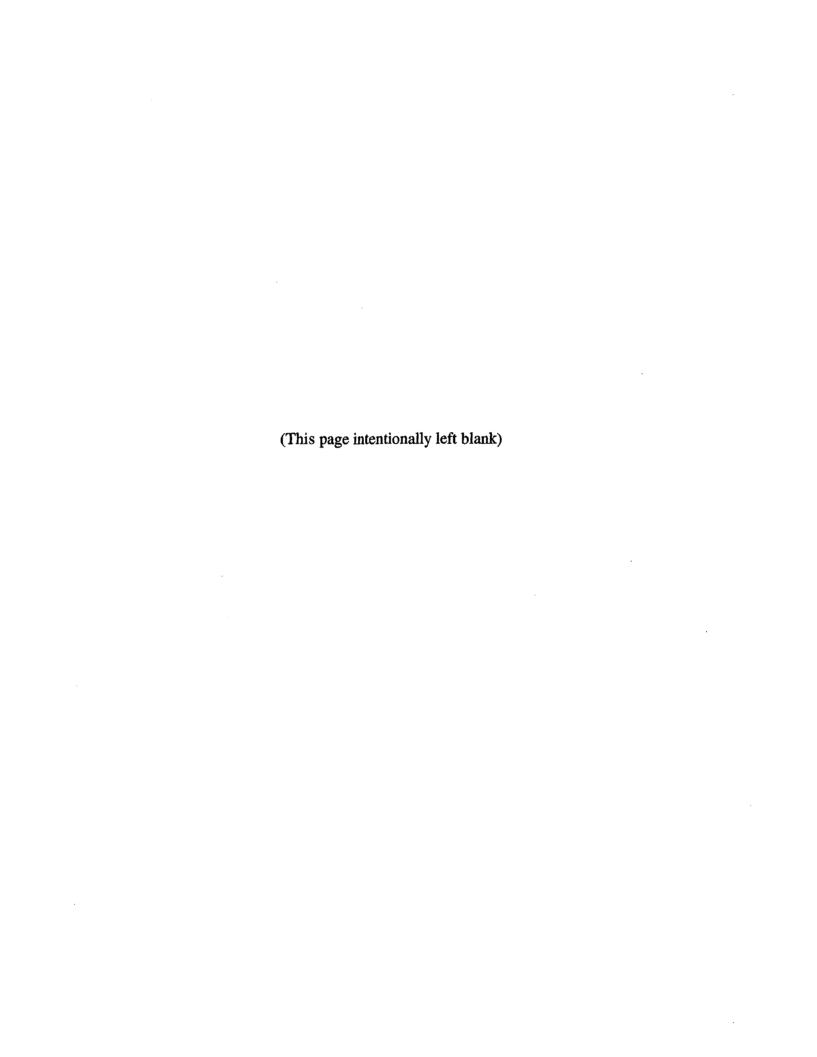
Total Revenues	Fund Balance (Deficit) at May 31, 2017	Bond Anticipation Notes Out- standing at May 31, 2017
\$ 206,896 159,000 140,483 185,000 129,700 446,567 90,800 19,200 9,180 715,000 682,662 78,280 43,810 23,015 114,240 12,850 61,251 287,688	\$ 38,882 (7,183 69,190 244 (75,650 123,644 (138,700 (2,710 1,300 611 358,971 78,280 36,810 21,015 3,319 (3,000 19,663 (23,809	3) - 1, - 1, - 2) - 1, - 3) 90,800 3) - 4 - 3) - 4 - 5 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 7 - 8 972,289
\$ 3,405,622	\$ 500,877	\$ 1,063,089

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet May 31, 2017 (With Comparative Totals for 2016)

						on-Major ental Funds			
	Public Special								
		Library		urpose					
		Fund		Fund	2017		2016		
ASSETS					 				
Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$	62,353	\$	75,224 	\$ 137,577 -	\$	242,028 6,651		
Total Assets	\$	62,353	\$	75,224	\$ 137,577	\$	248,679		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	10,922	\$	10,425	\$ 21,347	\$	144,602		
Due to other funds					 -		9,502		
Total Liabilities	No. White processing	10,922		10,425	 21,347	***************************************	154,104		
Fund balances									
Restricted		-		64,799	64,799		28,695		
Assigned	***************************************	51,431		-	 51,431		65,880		
Total Fund Balances		51,431	 	64,799	 116,230		94,575		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	62,353	\$	75,224	\$ 137,577	\$	248,679		

Non-Major Governmental Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Year Ended May 31, 2017
(With Comparative Totals for 2016)

	Public		Special		Total N Governme		-
REVENUES	 Library Fund		Purpose Fund		2017		2016
Departmental income Use of money and property	\$ 273,073 674	\$	-	\$	273,073 674	\$	273,384 86
State aid Miscellaneous	 4,264 3,718		238,740		4,264 242,458		1,211 13,185
Total Revenues	 281,729		238,740		520,469		287,866
EXPENDITURES Current							
Culture and recreation Employee benefits	 412,994 143,236		202,636		615,630 143,236	<u></u>	394,395 145,549
Total Expenditures	 556,230		202,636	Part of the State	758,866	•	539,944
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (274,501)	12000	36,104		(238,397)		(252,078)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	 260,052		-		260,052		236,852
Total Other Financing Sources	 260,052		-		260,052		235,741
Net Change in Fund Balances	(14,449)		36,104		21,655		(16,337)
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	 65,880		28,695		94,575		110,912
End of Year	\$ 51,431	\$	64,799	\$	116,230	\$	94,575



Public Library Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	2017			2016		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	62,353	\$	81,962		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities						
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ ——	10,922	\$	6,580 9,502		
Total Liabilities		10,922		16,082		
Fund balance Assigned		51,431		65,880		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	62,353	\$	81,962		

Public Library Fund
Comparative Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended May 31,

	2017				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Departmental income	\$ 274,740	\$ 274,740	\$ 273,073	\$ (1,667)	
Use of money and property State aid	50 1,780	50 1,780	674 4,264	624 2,484	
Miscellaneous	30,000	30,000	3,718	(26,282)	
Misocharicous	30,000		5,710	(20,202)	
Total Revenues	306,570	306,570	281,729	(24,841)	
EXPENDITURES Current					
Culture and recreation	413,537	421,503	412,994	8,509	
Employee benefits	153,085	145,119	143,236	1,883	
Total Expenditures	566,622	566,622	556,230	10,392	
Deficiency of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(260,052)	(260,052)	(274,501)	(14,449)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	260,052	260,052	260,052	_	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	(14,449)	(14,449)	
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of Year			65,880	65,880	
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 51,431	\$ 51,431	

2016				
	Original Budget	Final Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	274,740 50 1,780 15,172	\$ 274,740 50 1,780 15,172	\$ 273,38 { 1,2	36
····	291,742	291,742	274,68	(17,061)
	383,016 145,578	383,016 145,578	365,55 145,54	,
	528,594	528,594	511,09	9 17,495
	(236,852)	(236,852)	(236,41	8) 434
	236,852	236,852	236,85	2
	-	-	43	4 434
			65,44	6 65,446
\$	_	\$ -	\$ 65,88	0 \$ 65,880

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheet May 31,

	 2017		2016
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 75,224	\$	160,066 6,651
Total Assets	\$ 75,224	\$	166,717
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 10,425	\$	138,022
Fund balance Restricted	 64,799		28,695
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 75,224	\$	166,717

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended May 31,

	2017		2016	
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$	238,740	\$	13,185
EXPENDITURES Current				
Culture and recreation		202,636	***************************************	28,845
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		36,104		(15,660)
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out		•		(1,111)
Net Change in Fund Balance		36,104		(16,771)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	***************************************	28,695		45,466
End of Year	\$	64,799	\$	28,695